

# DRAFT UPDATE

## Professional Personnel

### Suspension

#### Suspension Without Pay

The Board of Education may suspend without pay: (1) a professional employee pending a dismissal hearing, or (2) a teacher as a disciplinary measure for misconduct that is detrimental to the School District. Administrative staff members may not be suspended without pay as a disciplinary measure.

Misconduct that is detrimental to the School District includes:

- Insubordination, including any failure to follow an oral or written directive from a supervisor;
- Violation of Board policy or Administrative Procedure;
- Conduct that disrupts or may disrupt the educational program or process;
- Conduct that violates any State or federal law that relates to the employee's duties; and
- Other sufficient causes.

At the request of the professional employee made within 5 calendar days of receipt of a pre-suspension notification, the Board or Board-appointed hearing examiner will conduct a pre-suspension hearing. The Board or its designee shall notify the professional employee of the alleged charges and the date and time of the hearing. At the pre-suspension hearing, the professional employee or his/her representative may present evidence.

#### Suspension With Pay

The Board or Superintendent or designee may suspend a professional employee with pay: (1) during an investigation into allegations of disobedience or misconduct whenever the employee's continued presence in his or her position would not be in the School District's best interests, (2) as a disciplinary measure for misconduct that is detrimental to the School District as defined above, or (3) pending a Board hearing to suspend a teacher without pay.

The Superintendent shall meet with the employee to present the allegations and give the employee an opportunity to refute the charges. The employee will be told the dates and times the suspension will begin and end.

#### Repayment of Compensation and Benefits

If a professional employee is suspended with pay, either voluntarily or involuntarily, pending the outcome of a criminal investigation or prosecution, and the employee is later dismissed as a result of his or her criminal conviction, the employee must repay to the District all compensation and the value of all benefits received by him or her during the suspension. The Superintendent will notify the employee of this requirement when the employee is suspended.

**Please also refer to the current Agreement between the Board of Education of Riverside School District No. 96 and the Riverside Education Council.**

**Comment [AKL1]:** Provisions on recouping compensation and benefits that were paid to a suspended employee who was later dismissed as a result of a criminal conviction are amended and relocated into a separate section. The sentence restates State law (5 ILCS 430/5-60(b)).

**NOTE:** the statutory authority for suspending a teacher is: "If, in the opinion of the board, the interests of the school require it, the board may suspend the teacher **without pay**, pending the hearing, but if the board's dismissal or removal is not sustained, the teacher shall not suffer the loss of any salary or benefits by reason of the suspension," 105 ILCS 5/24-12(d)(1), amended by P.A. 97-8

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LEGAL REF.: 5 ILCS 430-~~et seq.~~[/5-60\(b\)](#).  
105 ILCS 5/24-12.  
Cleveland Board of Education v. Loudermill, 105 S.Ct. 1487 (1985).  
Barszcz v. Community College District No. 504, 400 F.Supp. 675 (N.D. Ill., 1975).  
Massie v. East St. Louis School District No.189, 561 N.E.2d 246 (Ill.App.5, 1990).

CROSS REF.: 5:290 (Educational Support Personnel - Employment Termination and Suspensions)

ADOPTED: June 16, 2009

REVISED: